QAS TOX

NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENT IN ORAL POWDER

1. COMPOSITION

Each g contains: bentonite-montmorillonite 465 mg, sepiolitic clay 320 mg, mannanoligosaccharides 115 mg, kieselguhr 100 mg.

2. DESCRIPTION

Mycotoxins can cause a negative impact on the animals using contaminated feedstuff. Mycotoxins are toxic secondary metabolites of fungi commonly found on grains, which can cause severe impacts on animal health and performance. QASTOX is a feed supplement for animal nutrition consisting in a wellbalanced association of mineral and organic adsorbents: clays (bentonite-montmorillonite and sepiolite), diatomaceous earth (kieselguhr) and an association of polysaccharides α-Dmannose and proteins (mannanoligosaccharides) from cellular walls of Saccharomyces cerevisiae. QASTOX contributes to the well-being of the animal limiting the detrimental effects of mycotoxins that may be present in the diet. QASTOX prevents the animal from suffering mycotoxin poisoning by binding the toxic agents to an adsorbent surface and eliminating them with the faeces.

Clays: Clay minerals consist mainly of aluminium silicates. Chemically, silicates consist in compounds of silicon and oxygen and one or more metallic atom. Bentonite-montmorillonite and sepiolite are phyllosilicates forming sheets that can retain water and

organic molecules - as mycotoxins - as their sheets are mobile and expandable.

Kieselguhr (diatomaceous earth): kieselguhr is a mineral from vegetal origin formed by the accumulation of fossilised unicellular algae. The silicon content of the diatomaceous earth is about 65% although in some cases may reach 90 %. Kieselguhr fixes the mycotoxins in their surface by Van deer Waals forces.

Mannan-oligosaccharides: Saccharomyces cerevisiae has an external wall consisting of a complex mannan-protein that is an association of polysaccharides α -D-mannose and proteins (mannan-oligosaccharides, MOS). MOS link directly to 1,3- β -glucan and indirectly to 1,3- β -glucan. MOS contain a number of fimbriae-like glycoside-peptides (50-95 %) reaching out from the cellular wall, able to agglutinate the mycotoxins present in the digestive tub. They have been used also instead of anticoccidial drugs and as growth promoters.

3. RECOMMENDED USE

- Prevention of intoxication by mycotoxins, and especially aflatoxins in poultry.
- Prevention of decreased performance in poultry, due to intoxication of mycotoxins.
- Feed supplement for poultry.

4. CONTRAINDICATIONS

None described.





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5. ADVERSE REACTIONS

None described.

6. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

Do not exceed the maximum dose of 20 kg per 1000 kg of feed.

7. ADMINISTRATION

Oral use in feed.

Mix 0.5 - 1 kg QASTOX / 1000 kg feed.

8. TARGET SPECIES

Poultry.

9. WITHDRAWAL PERIOD

Zero days.

10. STORAGE CONDITIONS

Store below 30 °C.

Protect from light.

Shelf life after first opening: 3 months.

11. SIZES

25 kg





